

# Development Matters 2021 Communication and Language

### Educational Programme

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children'sback-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development.

The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, storytelling and role play, where children share their ideas with support

and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

# Reception Development Matters 2021 Statements

- · Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important.
- · Learn new vocabulary.
- Use new vocabulary through the day.
- · Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them.
- Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences.
- · Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.
- Describe events in some detail.
- Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities, and to explain how things work and why they might happen.
- · Develop social phrases.
- Engage in story times.
- Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding.
- Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words.
- Use new vocabulary in different contexts.
- · Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.
- · Learn rhymes, poems and songs.
- Engage in non-fiction books.
- · Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.

# Early Learning Goals

### Listening, Attention and Understanding

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions.
- · Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding.
- · Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

#### Speaking

- · Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.